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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/509,834	12/29/2004	Lance Fuller Manlove	TPP 31446A 4351		
77176 Novak Druce	7590 09/29/2008		EXAMINER		
Novak, Druce & Quigg LLP 1300 I Street, N.W. Suite 1000, West Tower WASHINGTON, DC 20005			NEWHOUSE, NATHAN JEFFREY		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			09/29/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/509,834	MANLOVE, LANCE FULLER			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	NOLAN SANDBERG	3782			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Ma 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under Expression.	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, p				
Disposition of Claims		•			
4) Claim(s) 1,3-12 and 15-24 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,3-12 and 15-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.				
Application Papers		•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	pted or b) objected to by the lrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Son is required if the drawing(s) is consistent or some constant.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/27/08	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 15-19 and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claims 15-19 and 21-23 recite the limitation "flexible fabric". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purposes of this examination, it is assumed that the flexible fabric is the outer fabric restraint of claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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6. Claims 1, 3, 6-12, 15-16, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nattrass (US Patent No. 6,056,440) in view of Gatewood, Jr. (US Patent No. 5,673,509).

Regarding claims 1 and 24, it is noted that Nattrass discloses a flexible material transfer device for transferring a load container therein comprising a flexible inner liner (100 in Fig. 3), having a closed end (top end 132 can be closed by tying inlet shut) and an open end (144), a sanitary fitting (144) affixed to the open end of the flexible inner liner, an outer fabric restraint surrounding and integrated to the inner liner in a manner preventing the inner liner from collapsing (inner liner sewn to outer bag in Fig. 4). Nattrass does not disclose a window. However, Gatewood, Jr. discloses a window (22 in Fig. 1) sewn (34) or thermally sealed to the outer fabric restraint for viewing the load contained in the flexible inner liner. Hence it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the bag of Nattrass with the window of Gatewood, Jr. in order to see the contents of the bag.

Regarding claim 3, it is noted that Fig. 4 of Nattrass discloses wherein the inner liner is formed from a plurality of patterns (100, 130, 132), thermally welded or sewn together (170).

Regarding claims 6-9, it is noted that Nattrass discloses wherein the inner liner is formed from polyethylene (column 3, line 53).

Regarding claims 10-12, it is noted that Nattrass discloses wherein the inner liner comprises at least one barrier layer to protect the contact of the load with the environment wherein the at least one barrier layer is impervious to the load (column 4, line 43).

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Regarding claims 15-16, it is noted that Nattrass discloses wherein the flexible fabric is formed from polypropylene (column 3, line 54).

7. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nattrass (US Patent No. 6,056,440) and Gatewood, Jr. (US Patent No. 5,673,509) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Terazawa et al. (US Patent No. 6,549,744 B2).

Regarding claim 4, it is noted that Nattrass and Gatewood, Jr. disclose all the claimed limitations except wherein the sanitary fitting comprises a sealing element (123 in Fig. 18) for forming an airtight seal with a filling device. However, Terazawa et al. disclose wherein the sanitary fitting comprises a sealing element (123 in Fig. 18) for forming an airtight seal with a filling device (Fig. 15, Fig. 19) used to deliver material to be transferred, such that the material is substantially prevented from escaping. Hence it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the bag of Nattrass and Gatewood, Jr. with the sealing element of Terazawa et al. in order to form a more secure seal.

Regarding claim 5, it is noted that Terazawa et al. disclose wherein the sealing element comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of an O-ring and a locking member (locking member 121, 125 in Fig. 19).

8. Claims 17-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nattrass (US Patent No. 6,056,440) and Gatewood, Jr. (US Patent No. 5,673,509) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Trepte et al. (US Patent No. 5,458,419).

Regarding claim 17, it is noted that Nattrass and Gatewood, Jr. disclose all the claimed limitations except wherein the flexible fabric is conductive. However, Trepte et al. disclose wherein the flexible fabric is conductive (Abstract). Hence it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the bag of Nattrass and Gatewood, Jr. with the conductive flexible fabric of Trepte et al. in order to prevent brush discharges (Trepte et al., column 2, lines 5-8).

Regarding claims 18 and 19, it is noted that Trepte et al. disclose wherein the flexible fabric comprises at least one conductive material selected from the group consisting of powder, flakes, fibers (8 in Fig. 4), wires, spokes, and non-metallic materials consisting of carbon black and graphite particles and threads.

Regarding claims 20-23, it is noted that Trepte et al. disclose a grounding loop integrated with the lifting loop (column 3, lines 60-63).

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to NOLAN SANDBERG whose telephone number is (571)270-3537. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 7:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Newhouse, can be reached on 571-272-4544. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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/N. S./ Examiner, Art Unit 3782 7/11/08

/Nathan J. Newhouse/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3782

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